Vol. I, No. 4 OCTOBER 1933

PROPERTY OF THE
PENNA. STATE LIBRARY

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF LABOR
CHILDREN'S BUREAU

MONTHLY BULLETIN ON SOCIAL STATISTICS

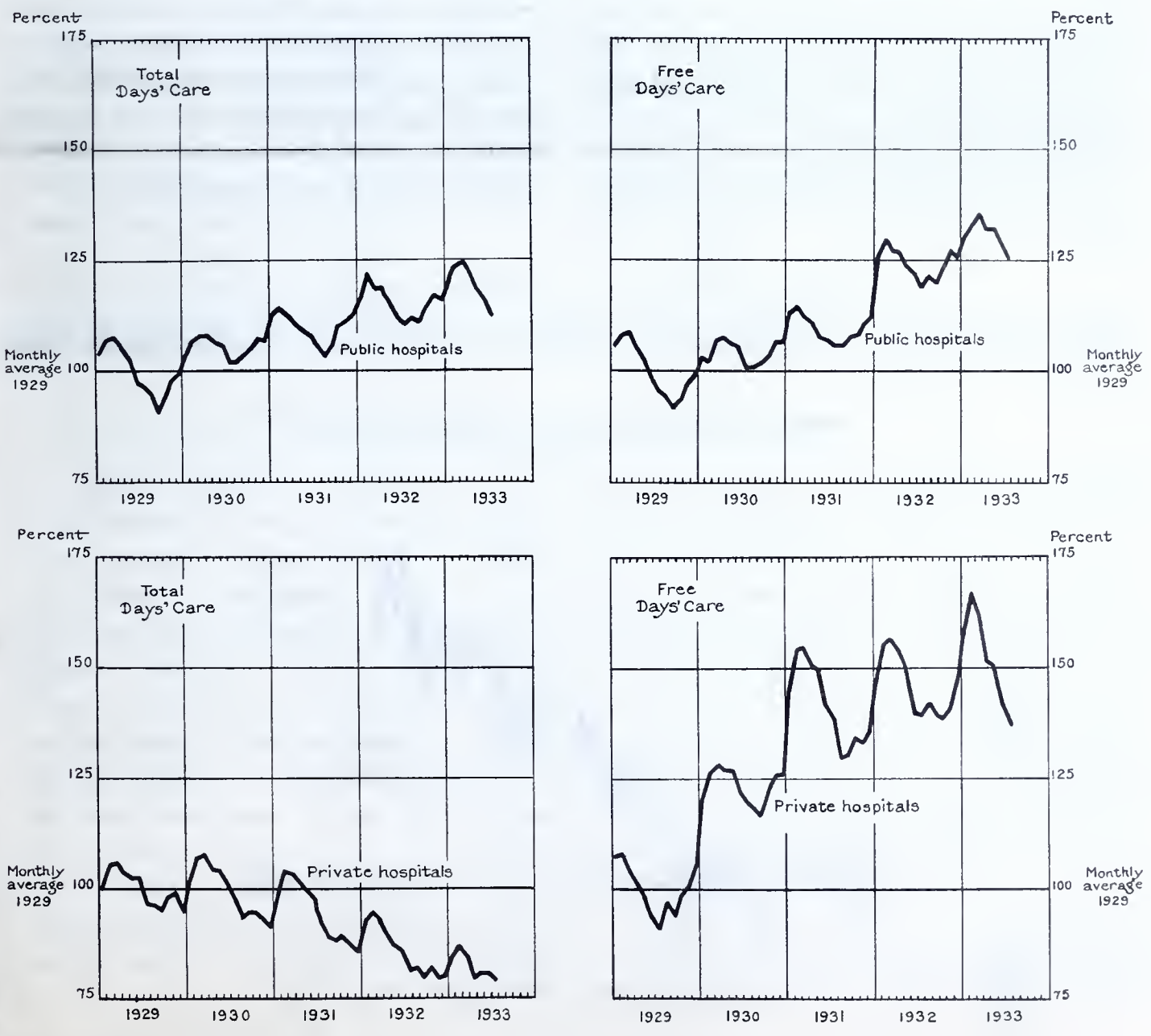
TRENDS IN HOSPITAL, CLINIC, AND VISITING-NURSE SERVICE, JANUARY 1929–JULY 1933

AUGUST CHANGES IN RELIEF EXPENDITURES AND CASES

AUGUST CHANGES IN THE NUMBER OF MEALS AND LODGINGS PROVIDED TO HOMELESS AND TRANSIENT PERSONS

RELIEF EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF 1933 AS COMPARED WITH 1932

Chart 1.—Average number of days' care and of free days' care provided to patients in 9 public general hospitals in 8 cities and city areas and in 81 private general hospitals in 19 cities and city areas, January 1929–July 1933, as compared with the monthly average in 1929



L 5.32

TRENDS IN HOSPITAL, CLINIC, AND VISITING-NURSE SERVICE, JANUARY 1929-JULY 1933

A marked upward trend since 1929 in the free services of hospitals, clinics, and visiting-nurse associations is indicated in the monthly reports of agencies cooperating in the bureau's project for the registration of social statistics.

During 1929 free days' care of patients averaged 156,461 per month in a group of 9 general hospitals under public auspices. During the first seven months of 1933, it averaged 210,714, an increase of about one third. Such care formed 88 percent of total days' care in 1929 and 97 percent in the first seven months of 1933.

Free days' care in a group of 81 general hospitals under private auspices increased from a monthly average of 71,679 in 1929 to 109,073 in the first seven months of 1933, or about one half. It formed 21 percent of total days' care in these institutions in 1929 and 38 percent in the first seven months of 1933.

As is illustrated in chart 1, the number of days' care in hospitals has increased noticeably each year in the fall and winter months and decreased in the spring and summer months. In the public hospitals, with their large proportion of free cases, the shrinkage in pay service has affected only slightly the upward trend in total days' care. In private hospitals, the sharp reduction in the large proportion of pay cases has caused a drop in total days' care even though free days' care has increased.

Dependence upon clinics and health conferences for medical and dental care has mounted rapidly. During the first seven months of 1933 the number of visits by patients averaged 425,169 per month in a group of 154 reporting agencies as compared with 262,794 in 1929, an increase of 62 percent. The general trend (as is indicated by the 7 months' moving average entered on the chart in a dotted line) shows little seasonal variation. There are many fluctuations from month to month, however, because of variations in the number of times different types of clinics are held.

Chart 2.—Number of visits by patients to clinics and health conferences held by 154 public and private agencies in 18 cities and city areas, January 1929-July 1933, as compared with the monthly average in 1929

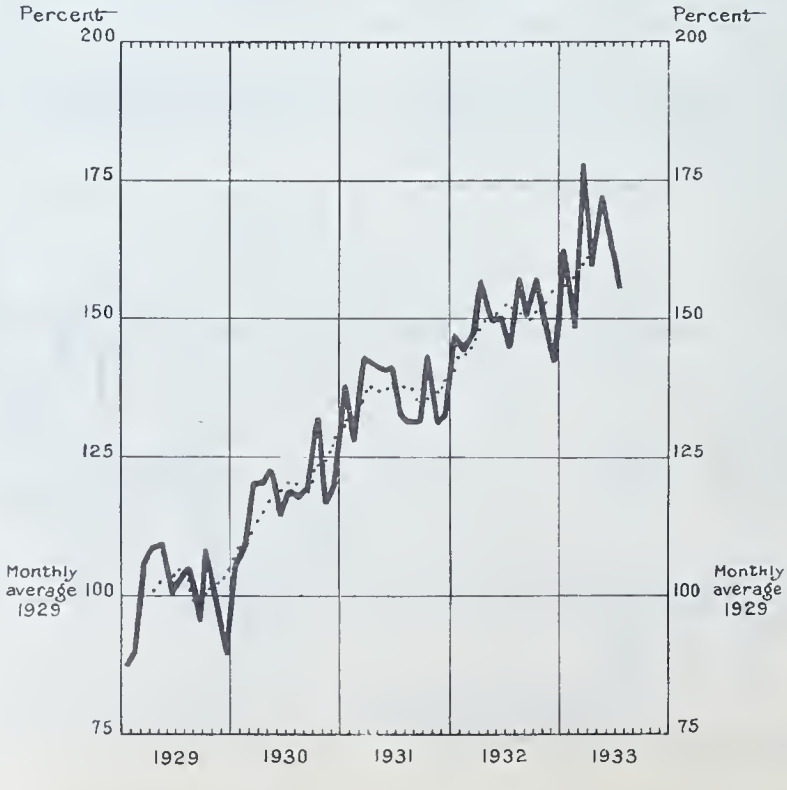
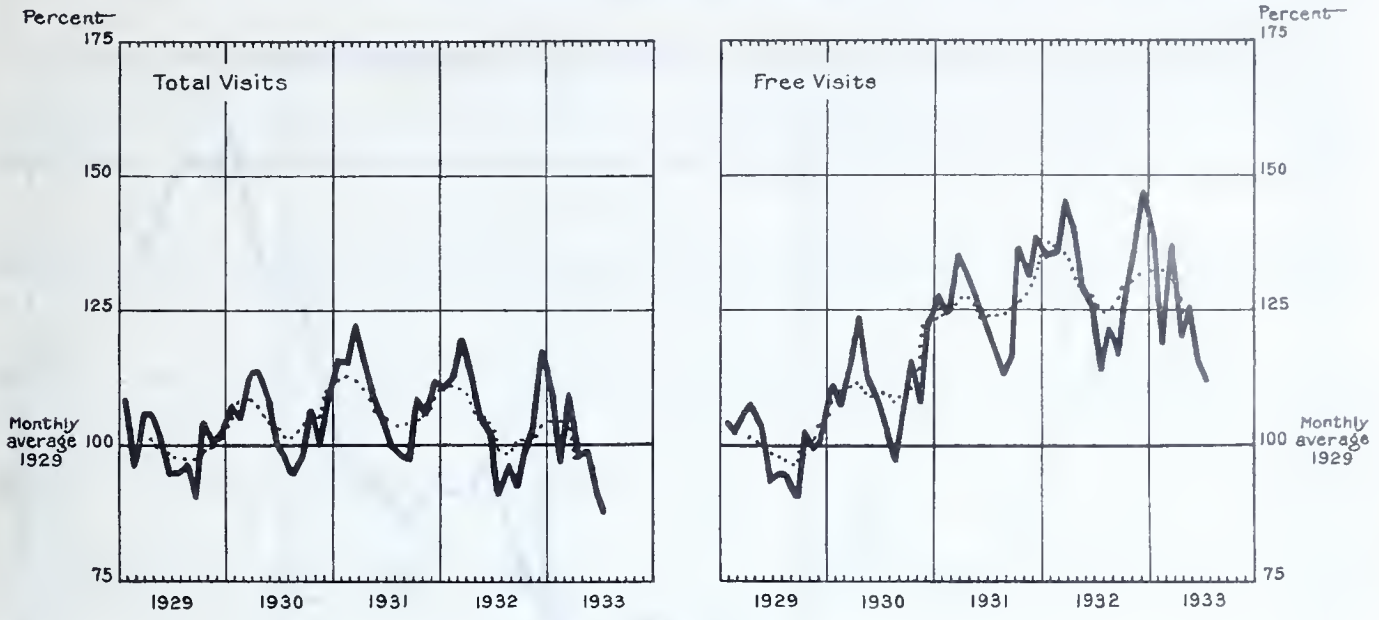


Chart 3.--Number of visits and of free visits to patients under care of 26 visiting-nurse associations in 22 cities and city areas, January 1929-July 1933, as compared with the monthly average in 1929



Free visits reported by 26 visiting-nurse associations increased from an average of 68,817 per month in 1929 to an average of 85,389 in the first seven months of 1933, a rise of about one fourth. In 1929 such visits formed 53 percent of total visits and in 1933, 66 percent.

Both free visits and total visits have shown a consistent tendency to increase during the fall and winter months and to decrease in the spring and summer months. As is brought out by the 7 months' moving average entered on the chart in a dotted line, the general trend in the number of total visits has been slightly downward since the winter of 1930-31. Recently there has been indication of a downward movement also in the volume of free service provided.

AUGUST CHANGES IN RELIEF EXPENDITURES AND CASES

Relief expenditures from public and private funds increased 4.8 percent between July and August, according to reports forwarded to the Children's Bureau by 846 agencies in 118 cities and city areas. This increase, which followed a drop of about twice as much in July, brought August expenditures to a point 4 percent below the amount expended in June. Last year the rise in August was approximately the same as the decrease in July, and August expenditures were at about the same level as June.

The August increase occurred mainly in expenditures from public funds for general and work relief. Special allowances increased slightly. Expenditures from private funds decreased but much less rapidly than in recent months (table 1).

The effect of the ruling of the Federal Emergency Relief Administration that public funds be administered by public agencies is evident in the many large changes between July and August in the amounts expended by public and private agencies in certain areas. Total expenditures by Catholic agencies, nonsectarian family societies, and Jewish agencies declined sharply. General relief administered by public departments, especially by county departments, rose rapidly (table 2).

As is shown in table 3, the number of cases of families and nonfamily persons aided through

(Continued on page 9.)

Chart 4.--Amount expended for relief from public and from private funds in 120 cities and city areas, January 1929-August 1933

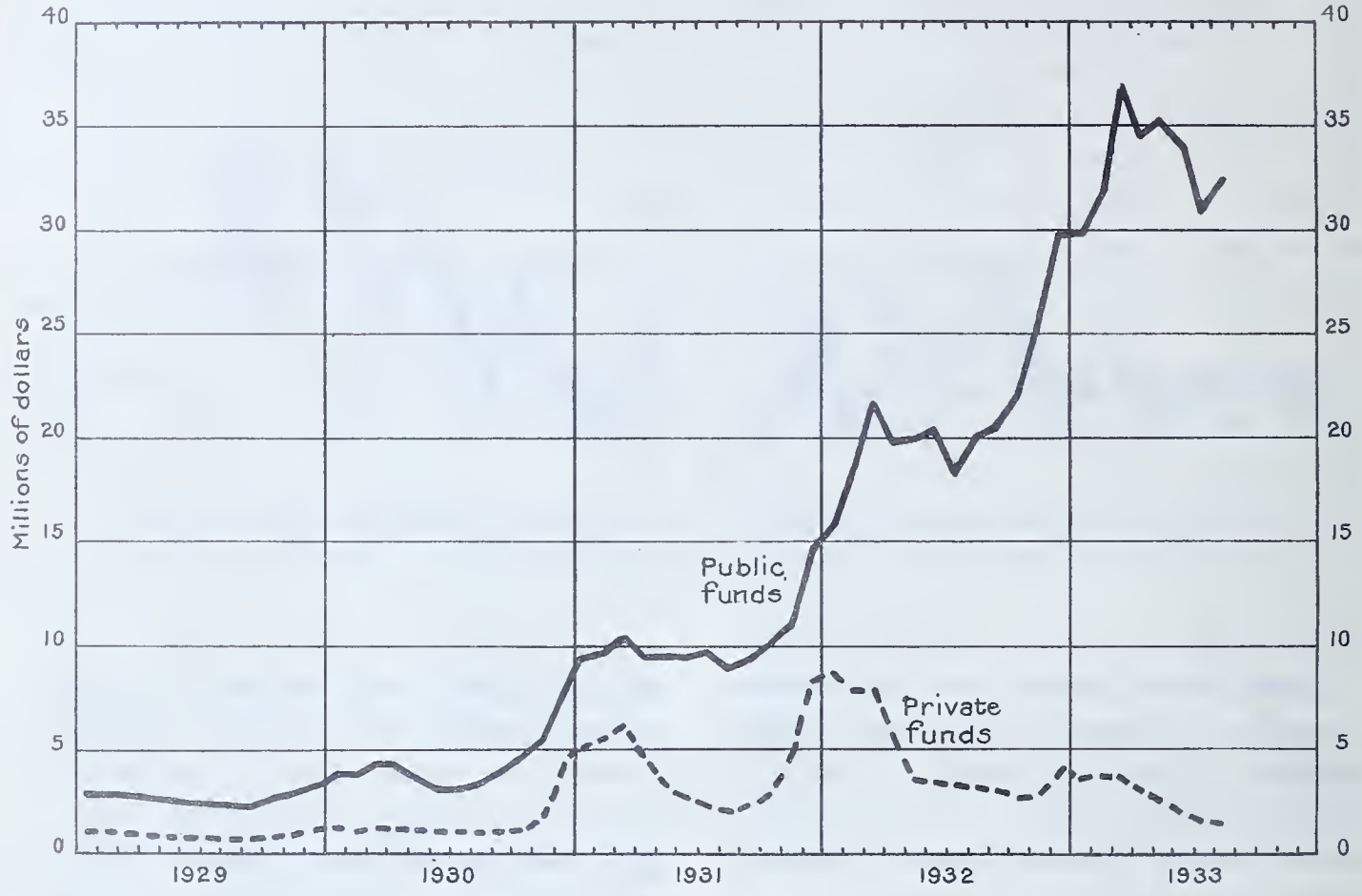


Table 1.--Amount expended for relief from public and from private funds during August 1932, July 1933, and August 1933, as reported by 846 agencies for 118 cities and city areas

Source of funds	August 1932	July 1933	August 1933	Percent change from-- July 1933 to August 1933	Percent change from-- August 1932 to August 1933
	Amount expended				
Total	$21,689,193	$31,959,342	$33,504,086	+4.8	+54.5
Public funds	18,639,919	30,309,328	31,876,596	+5.2	+71.0
General and work relief	15,442,451	27,250,988	28,798,207	+5.7	+86.5
Special allowances	3,197,468	3,058,340	3,078,389	+1.0	-3.7
Private funds	3,049,274	1,650,014	1,627,490	-1.4	-46.6
	Percent distribution				
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	.....	.....
Public funds	85.9	94.8	95.1	.....	.....
General and work relief	71.2	85.3	86.0	.....	.....
Special allowances	14.7	9.6	9.2	.....	.....
Private funds	14.1	5.2	4.9	.....	.....

Chart 5.--Amount expended from public and private funds for different types of relief in 120 cities and city areas, January 1929-August 1933

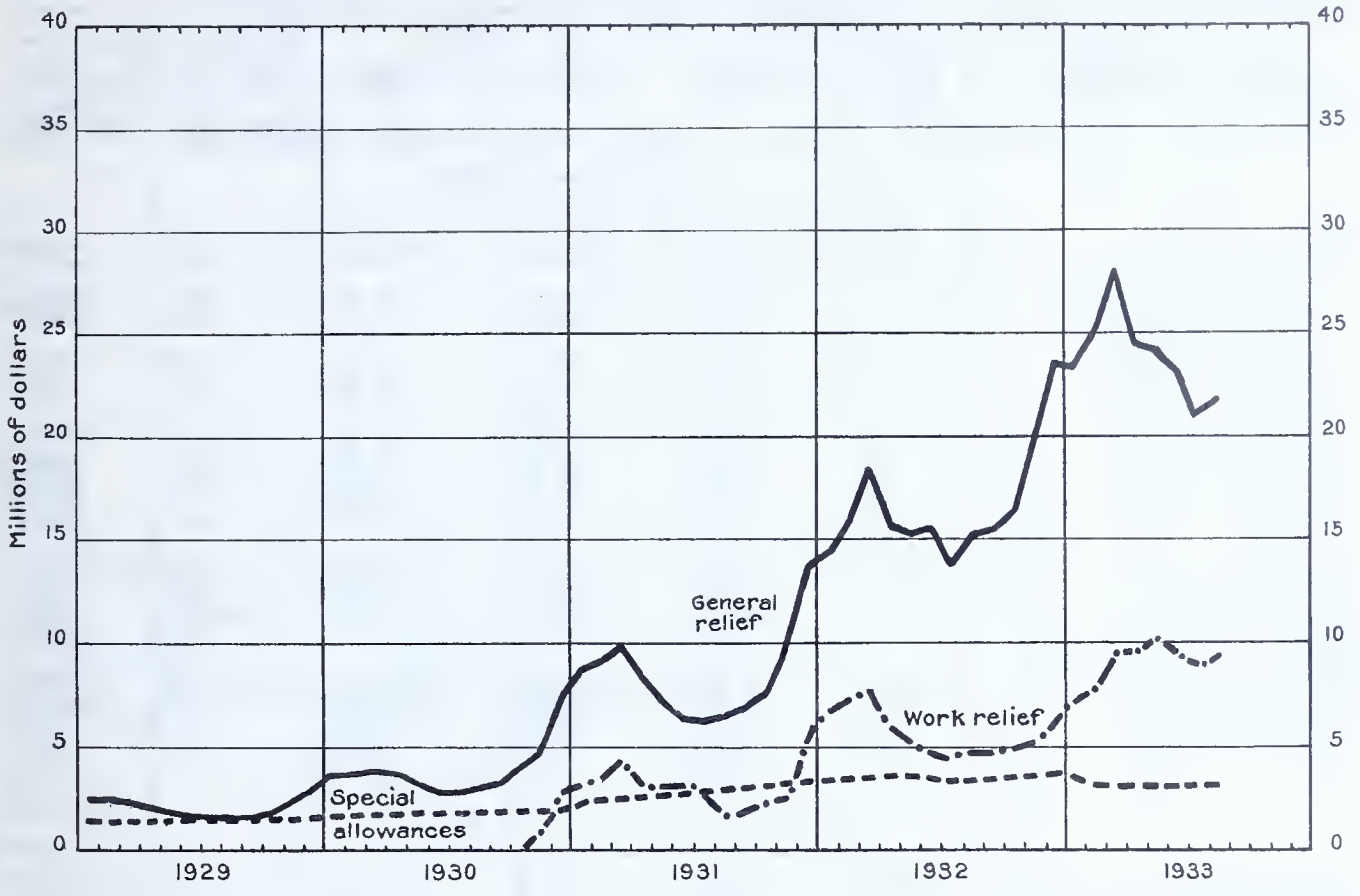


Table 2.--Amount expended from public and private funds for different types of relief during August 1932, July 1933, and August 1933, as reported by 846 agencies for 118 cities and city areas

Type of relief and administrative agency	Agencies reporting	Amount expended			Percent change from---	
		August 1932	July 1933	August 1933	July 1933 to Aug. 1933	Aug. 1932 to Aug. 1933
Total	846	$21,689,193	$31,959,342	$33,504,086	+4.8	+54.5
General relief	596	14,233,972	19,228,625	20,219,357	+5.2	+42.0
General public relief:						
County departments	52	4,243,632	6,987,279	8,924,145	+27.7	+110.3
City departments	69	5,205,468	7,962,276	8,315,019	+4.4	+59.7
Veterans' relief:						
Public departments	35	916,782	765,192	753,697	-1.5	-17.8
Private agencies	71	71,459	92,001	88,845	-3.4	+24.3
Nonsectarian family societies	124	2,170,115	2,328,302	1,360,682	-41.6	-37.3
Jewish agencies	57	337,467	364,513	244,682	-32.9	-27.5
Catholic agencies	48	236,405	364,110	170,190	-53.3	-28.0
Salvation Army	67	97,499	88,668	78,909	-11.0	-19.1
Other private agencies	73	955,145	276,284	283,188	+2.5	-70.4
Work relief	87	4,257,753	9,672,377	10,206,340	+5.5	+139.7
Public departments	55	3,206,251	8,864,503	9,345,291	+5.4	+191.5
Private agencies	32	1,051,502	807,874	861,049	+6.6	-18.1
Special allowances from public funds	163	3,197,468	3,058,340	3,078,389	+1.0	-3.7
Mothers' aid	86	1,827,730	1,784,637	1,820,600	+2.0	-0.4
Old-age relief	30	1,224,541	1,119,108	1,103,347	-1.4	-9.9
Aid for the blind	47	145,197	154,595	154,442	-0.1	+6.4

Table 3.—Number of oases of families and nonfamily pereone aided from public and private funds through different types of relief, and average monthly relief per oase during August 1932, July 1933, and August 1933, ae reported by 710 agenoies for 118 oities and oity areas

Type of relief and adminietrative agency	Agenciee reporting	August 1932	July 1933	Auguet 1933	Percent ohange from— July 1933 to Aug. 1933	Percent ohange from— Aug. 1932 to Aug. 1933
		Number of oasee aided				
General relief	504	614,989	873,867	804,607	-7.9	+30.8
General public relief:						
County departments	36	175,731	365,356	375,808	+2.9	+113.9
City departments	51	196,373	300,064	280,973	-6.4	+43.1
Veterans' relief:						
Public departments	33	30,795	32,004	31,866	-0.4	+3.5
Private agencies	69	5,725	10,717	10,649	-0.6	+86.0
Nonsectarian family eocistiee	100	108,620	114,776	67,469	-41.2	-37.9
Jewish agencies	55	10,115	10,975	7,984	-27.3	-21.1
Catholic agenciee	42	18,526	20,535	12,352	-39.8	-33.3
Salvation Army	62	15,587	11,363	10,275	-9.6	-34.1
Other private agencies	56	53,517	8,077	7,231	-10.5	-86.5
Work relief	46	54,255	74,669	76,433	+2.4	+40.9
Public departmente	29	32,956	55,267	53,410	-3.4	+62.1
Private agencies	17	21,299	19,402	23,023	+18.7	+8.1
Speoial allowances from public funds	160	92,847	100,192	100,421	+0.2	+8.2
Mothers' aid	86	41,627	45,651	46,165	+1.1	+10.9
Old-age relief	30	45,367	48,163	47,883	-0.6	+5.5
Aid for the blind	44	5,853	6,378	6,373	-0.1	+8.9
		Average monthly relief per case				
General relief	504	$19.82	$18.24	$20.69	.....	.....
Work relief	46	29.52	28.34	29.35	.....	.....
Special allowances from public funde:						
Mothers' aid	86	43.91	39.09	39.44	.....	.....
Old-age relief	30	26.99	23.24	23.04	.....	.....
Aid for the blind	44	23.71	23.20	23.19	.....	.....

Table 4.—Amount expended for relief during August 1932, July 1933, and Auguet 1933, and percentage from public and from private funds, as reported by 825 agenciee for 98 citiee and oity areae[a]

[Cities and oity areae included in thie table are those for whioh reports from public and private agenciee are believed to be eufficiently oomplete for use in determining local trends. Figures are preliminary and subject to revieion.]

State and city or oity area	Agenoies reporting	Amount expended			Percent ohange from—		Peroent in Aug. 1933 from—			
							Public funde			
		Auguet 1932	July 1933	Auguet 1933	July 1933 to Aug. 1933	Aug. 1932 to Aug. 1933	Total	General and work relief	Speoial allow-ancee	Pri-vate funds
Alabama:										
Birmingham area	5	$63,516	$125,438	$141,759	+13.0	+123.2	100	100	.....	.....
Mobile area	6	2,862	24,866	50,804	+104.3	+1675.1	100	100	.....	.....
California:										
Berkeley area	9	50,229	43,185	43,212	+0.1	-14.0	99	77	22	1
Loe Angeles area	19	755,317	2,098,065	2,554,637	+21.8	+238.2	99	92	8	1
Saoramento area	9	29,216	37,862	43,856	+15.8	+50.1	99	48	51	1
San Diego area	10	69,834	81,772	87,407	+6.9	+25.2	99	75	25	1
Colorado: Denver	11	45,636	143,914	160,257	+11.4	+251.2	98	91	7	2
Connecticut:										
Bridgeport area	13	137,408	136,676	106,773	-21.9	-22.3	96	92	4	4
Hartford area	12	146,483	148,433	142,519	-4.0	-2.7	74	69	5	26
New Haven area	13	138,727	68,323	71,046	+4.0	-48.8	78	63	16	22

Table 4.--Amount expended for relief during August 1932, July 1933, and August 1933, and percentage from public and from private funds, as reported by 825 agencies for 98 cities and city areas[a] --Continued

State and city or city area	Agencies reporting	Amount expended			Percent change from--		Percent in Aug. 1933 from--			
							Public funds			
		August 1932	July 1933	August 1933	July 1933 to Aug. 1933	Aug. 1932 to Aug. 1933	Total	General and work relief	Special allowances	Private funds
Delaware: Wilmington	11	60,443	168,457	159,106	-5.6	+163.2	85	79	5	15
District of Columbia: Washington	12	110,326	229,185	281,874	+23.0	+155.5	97	93	4	3
Florida: Jacksonville area	7	7,087	78,692	97,566	+24.0	+1,276.7	100	97	3	(b)
Georgia: Atlanta area	4	25,589	125,487	156,498	+24.7	+511.6	97	97	.....	3
Illinois:										
Chicago	12	3,398,786	3,723,371	3,510,990	-5.7	+3.3	95	92	3	5
Cicero	4	33,848	32,298	31,104	-3.7	-8.1	100	97	3	.....
Oak Park	4	3,989	13,085	11,721	-10.4	+193.8	96	92	3	4
Springfield area	6	20,095	15,615	23,386	+49.8	+16.4	85	63	22	15
Indiana:										
Evansville area	4	49,971	60,614	67,602	+11.5	+35.3	100	99	1	(b)
Fort Wayne area	9	52,821	73,744	98,437	+33.5	+86.4	85	84	1	15
Indianapolis area	9	94,558	129,615	126,361	-2.5	+33.6	95	94	1	5
South Bend	6	48,326	61,581	59,685	-3.1	+23.5	99	94	5	1
Terre Haute	7	10,485	16,932	17,573	+3.8	+67.6	91	87	5	9
Iowa:										
Des Moines	9	44,224	92,483	92,843	+0.4	+109.9	99	91	8	1
Sioux City	8	22,333	40,316	30,844	-23.5	+38.1	97	81	16	3
Kansas:										
Kansas City	5	8,420	45,393	38,404	-15.4	+356.1	100	100	(b)	.....
Wichita area	5	15,408	58,644	80,825	+37.8	+424.6	100	98	2	.....
Kentucky: Louisville	10	36,879	57,658	63,604	+10.3	+72.5	85	72	13	15
Louisiana: New Orleans area	10	66,689	361,204	399,834	+10.7	+499.6	98	98	(b)	2
Maine: Portland	6	24,269	46,600	47,634	+2.2	+96.3	98	95	3	2
Massachusetts:										
Boston	14	1,148,294	1,199,177	1,322,489	+10.3	+15.2	97	81	16	3
Fall River	7	118,499	67,062	62,710	-6.5	-47.1	100	72	28	(b)
Lawrence	7	56,575	37,267	37,509	+0.6	-33.7	97	67	30	3
Lowell[c]	5	72,352	62,479	51,388	-17.8	-29.0	93	57	36	7
Lynn	10	89,800	112,615	93,198	-17.2	+3.8	98	77	21	2
Malden[c]	7	29,559	27,225	39,104	+43.6	+32.3	100	92	8	(b)
New Bedford	7	106,114	72,250	66,872	-7.4	-37.0	98	77	21	2
Newton area	10	23,361	27,950	32,776	+17.3	+40.3	95	74	21	5
Worcester[c]	8	198,293	175,256	174,151	-0.6	-12.2	97	82	15	3
Michigan:										
Detroit area	16	627,285	1,268,066	1,373,171	+8.3	+118.9	99	93	7	1
Flint	3	64,924	106,005	74,628	-29.6	+14.9	100	80	20	.....
Saginaw	4	36,953	29,918	27,755	-7.2	-24.9	99	64	35	1
Minnesota:										
Duluth	9	58,676	67,289	80,433	+19.5	+37.1	97	75	22	3
Minneapolis area	8	218,476	284,383	304,723	+7.2	+39.5	90	75	15	10
St. Paul area	13	101,663	184,677	182,426	-1.2	+79.4	95	83	13	5
Missouri:										
Kansas City	11	62,564	146,766	138,620	-5.6	+121.6	87	80	7	13
St. Louis area	15	232,159	518,172	545,047	+5.2	+134.8	95	91	4	5
Nebraska: Omaha area	11	18,806	24,145	61,917	+156.4	+229.2	92	84	8	8
New Jersey:										
Jersey City	3	131,954	159,130	161,023	+1.4	+27.3	100	87	13	.....
Newark	10	247,281	404,745	482,933	+19.3	+95.3	99	86	13	1
The Oranges	12	51,722	72,701	78,952	+8.6	+52.6	98	85	13	2
New York:										
Albany	13	58,717	72,929	87,247	+19.6	+48.6	97	82	15	3
Buffalo area	18	832,782	1,068,977	1,117,950	+4.6	+34.2	98	92	6	2
New Rochelle	7	33,312	63,882	72,147	+12.9	+116.6	100	95	5	(b)
New York	35	6,094,806	8,827,483	9,163,671	+3.8	+50.4	91	76	15	9
Niagara Falls	10	94,276	78,392	80,500	+2.7	-14.6	99	91	8	1

Table 4.--Amount expended for relief during August 1932, July 1933, and August 1933, and percentage from public and from private funds, as reported by 825 agencies for 98 cities and city areas[a] --Continued

State and city or city area	Agencies reporting	Amount expended			Percent change from--		Percent in Aug. 1933 from--			
							Public funds			
		August 1932	July 1933	August 1933	July 1933 to Aug. 1933	Aug. 1932 to Aug. 1933	Total	General and work relief	Special allowances	Private funds
New York--Continued.										
Rochester	11	355,051	372,649	474,047	+27.2	+33.5	99	85	14	1
Syracuse	11	210,745	344,160	491,084	+42.7	+133.0	100	95	5	(b)
Utica area	11	84,744	74,414	91,978	+23.6	+8.5	95	65	30	5
Yonkers	7	150,488	213,963	235,356	+10.0	+56.4	98	92	7	2
North Carolina:										
Asheville	2	8,482	18,135	17,485	-3.6	+106.1	94	93	1	6
Charlotte	6	10,737	24,919	18,899	-24.2	+76.0	100	99	1	.....
Greensboro	2	4,843	29,608	24,917	-15.8	+414.5	100	100	(b)	.....
Ohio:										
Akron area	12	70,546	186,794	174,256	-6.7	+147.0	96	92	4	4
Canton area	7	62,163	49,596	47,562	-4.1	-23.5	100	83	17	.....
Cincinnati area	16	350,971	475,864	448,441	-5.8	+27.8	90	84	6	10
Cleveland area	9	543,101	976,980	974,535	-0.3	+79.4	95	90	5	5
Columbus area	12	173,976	272,178	280,529	+3.1	+61.2	98	93	5	2
Dayton area	11	89,169	154,071	158,173	+2.7	+77.4	98	93	5	2
Springfield	5	6,819	22,800	37,559	+64.7	+450.8	99	95	4	1
Youngstown	8	79,998	126,325	144,135	+14.1	+80.2	98	94	4	2
Oklahoma: Tulsa	3	6,269	32,781	34,045	+3.9	+443.1	95	95	.....	5
Oregon: Portland	6	246,220	272,146	167,385	-38.5	-32.0	99	94	5	1
Pennsylvania:										
Allentown area	4	49,142	104,470	94,285	-9.7	+91.9	99	94	6	1
Altoona	7	46,933	62,804	60,282	-4.0	+28.4	98	95	3	2
Bethlehem area	4	28,609	29,844	30,981	+3.8	+8.3	96	87	8	4
Chester area	9	83,065	109,128	105,478	-3.3	+27.0	99	93	6	1
Erie area	6	70,623	90,024	83,612	-7.1	+18.4	100	93	7	(b)
Lancaster	5	2,401	28,106	25,352	-9.8	+955.9	99	93	5	1
Philadelphia	9	137,774	1,282,297	1,359,345	+6.0	+886.6	94	90	4	6
Pittsburgh area	14	538,536	1,166,684	1,211,458	+3.8	+125.0	96	92	4	4
Reading	9	117,751	213,099	241,031	+13.1	+104.7	99	96	4	1
Sharon area	9	25,393	33,551	37,683	+12.3	+48.4	83	79	5	17
Wilkes-Barre area	7	111,334	204,091	214,510	+5.1	+92.7	100	94	6	(b)
Rhode Island:										
Providence	5	155,441	210,057	177,532	-15.5	+14.2	99	94	5	1
South Carolina:										
Charleston	5	1,889	5,693	8,756	+53.8	+363.5	92	92	.....	8
Tennessee:										
Knoxville area	6	11,213	32,485	27,624	-15.0	+146.4	96	96	.....	4
Memphis area	6	12,103	66,913	62,055	-7.3	+412.7	93	88	5	7
Nashville area	3	6,940	19,760	20,384	+3.2	+193.7	99	99	.....	1
Texas:										
Fort Worth area	2	11,869	46,454	55,849	+20.2	+370.5	100	100	.....	(b)
Houston area	4	9,308	125,045	137,579	+10.0	+1378.1	100	99	(b)	(b)
Utah:										
Salt Lake City area	5	52,939	86,554	105,941	+22.4	+100.1	94	88	6	6
Virginia: Roanoke	4	5,598	10,533	11,228	+6.6	+100.6	87	87	.....	13
West Virginia:										
Huntington	3	(d)	78,316	73,173	-6.6	(b)	99	99	(b)	1
Wisconsin:										
Kenosha area	8	48,369	106,079	108,992	+2.7	+125.3	99	91	8	1
Madison area	6	39,719	93,712	91,326	-2.5	+129.9	100	92	8	(b)
Milwaukee area	11	763,559	803,249	781,648	-2.7	+2.4	93	83	10	7
Racine area	7	80,358	113,476	95,403	-15.9	+18.7	100	92	8	(b)
Median	....	.....	.....	.....	+3.5	+67.6	98	92	6	2

[a] Reports from 1 or more agencies in 20 cities are included in the summaries in tables 1, 2, and 3, but the expenditures reported to date are not sufficiently complete for use in determining local trends.
[b] Less than 1 percent.
[c] Does not include public relief to veterans.
[d] Figures not available.

Table 5.--Number of meals and lodgings provided to homeless and transient persons during August 1932, July 1933, and August 1933, as reported by 201 agencies for 60 cities and city areas

Type of service provided	August 1932	July 1933	August 1933	Percent change from--	
				July 1933 to Aug. 1933	Aug. 1932 to Aug. 1933
Meals:					
Number provided	1,195,925	1,658,713	1,679,153	.....	.....
Daily average	38,578	53,507	54,166	+1.2	+40.4
Lodgings:					
Number provided	384,866	561,328	575,532	.....	.....
Daily average	12,415	18,107	18,566	+2.5	+49.5

(Continued from page 3.)

most types of relief decreased between July and August, with the result that total expenditures for general and work relief were more per case.

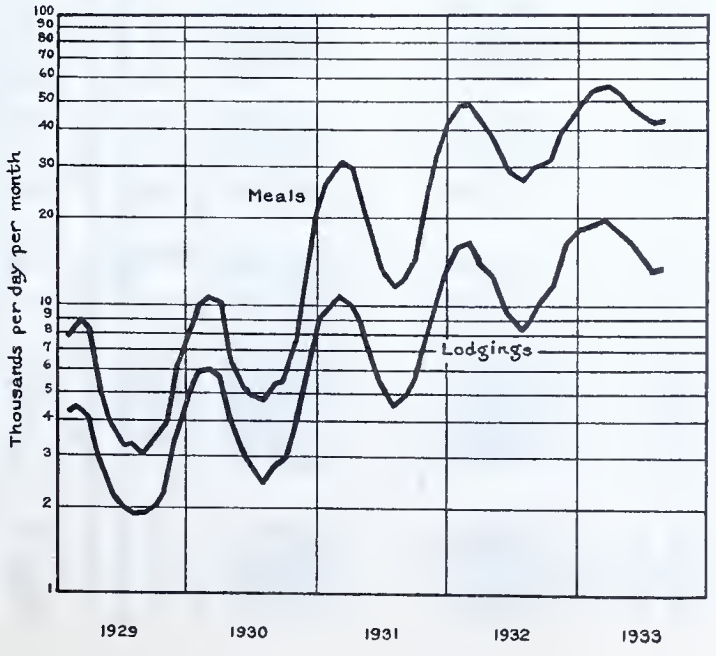
Because of local reorganization programs the preparation of reports by certain agencies was delayed. In 34 of the 98 areas forwarding substantially complete reports, relief expenditures rose 10 percent or more in August as compared with July. The median change was an increase of 3.5 percent (table 4).

AUGUST CHANGES IN THE NUMBER OF MEALS AND LODGINGS PROVIDED TO HOMELESS AND TRANSIENT PERSONS

The beginning of a seasonal increase in the number of meals and lodgings provided to homeless and transient persons was indicated in the August reports from 201 agencies in 60 areas (table 5).

This year's increase of 1 percent in meals and 3 percent in lodgings was approximately the same as the rise between July and August in 1932. In both 1930 and 1931 there was a much more pronounced increase in August. The number of meals decreased 5 percent in the predepression month of August 1929, but the number of lodgings remained relatively unchanged.

Chart 6.--Daily average number of meals and lodgings provided to homeless and transient persons January 1929-August 1933



RELIEF EXPENDITURES DURING THE FIRST SIX MONTHS OF 1933 AS COMPARED WITH 1932

The following table contains revised and delayed reports for the first six months of 1933 that were not available for inclusion in the monthly summaries presented in previous issues of the bulletin.

In the 117 areas for which reports are here summarized, there are about 43,000,000 persons, or approximately one third of the total population of the United States.

Relief expenditures in these areas amounted to $235,794,406 in the first six months of 1933, as compared with $152,829,994 in the corresponding period in 1932, an increase of 54 percent. In 41 of the 117 areas the 1933 expenditure was more than double the amount expended in 1932. The median change was an increase of 67 percent.

In 74 areas public funds financed 95 percent or more of the total expended in the first six months of 1933. The median proportion was 96 percent.

Data on annual expenditures during 1931 and 1932 for these areas are available in comparable form in the supplement to the June 1933 issue of the Monthly Relief Bulletin.

Table 6.--Amount expended for relief during January-June 1932 and January-June 1933, and percent from public and from private funds, as reported by 1,113 agencies for 117 cities and city areas

State and city or city area	Agencies reporting	Amount expended		Percent change from 1932 to 1933	Percent in January-June 1933 from--			
					Public funds			Private funds
		January-June 1932	January-June 1933		Total	General and work relief	Special allowances	
Total	1,113	$152,829,994	$235,794,406	+54.3	92	83	9	8
Alabama:								
Birmingham area	4	$472,953	$815,457	+72.4	94	94	.....	6
Mobile area	6	36,792	255,869	+595.4	99	99	.....	1
California:								
Berkeley area	9	262,135	320,003	+22.1	98	79	19	2
Los Angeles area	28	4,494,787	11,555,305	+157.1	97	86	11	3
Oakland	9	1,230,424	1,481,266	+20.4	99	75	25	1
Sacramento area	9	224,360	259,511	+15.7	97	44	52	3
San Diego area	10	468,194	439,369	-6.2	98	69	29	2
San Francisco	23	1,945,447	3,423,942	+76.0	97	83	14	3
Colorado: Denver	12	674,639	1,365,570	+102.4	96	90	5	4
Connecticut:								
Bridgeport area	17	872,126	942,867	+8.1	96	93	3	4
Hartford area	13	1,120,014	987,706	-11.8	70	65	5	30
New Britain	9	545,727	407,323	-25.4	77	72	5	23
New Haven area	14	746,514	792,165	+6.1	82	74	8	18
Delaware: Wilmington	15	791,086	1,298,214	+64.1	84	79	4	17
District of Columbia: Washington	13	611,573	1,161,943	+90.0	82	75	7	18
Florida: Jacksonville area	8	81,249	437,764	+438.8	99	95	5	1
Georgia: Atlanta area	8	312,343	627,142	+100.8	95	95	.....	5
Illinois:								
Chicago	24	15,464,222	29,429,253	+90.3	95	93	2	5
Cicero	5	120,181	307,481	+155.8	100	98	2	(a)
Evanston	5	127,869	211,265	+65.2	86	81	5	14
Oak Park	4	21,852	58,212	+166.4	89	83	5	11
Springfield area	6	90,236	139,325	+54.4	90	64	27	10
Indiana:								
Evansville area	4	278,859	529,057	+89.7	100	98	1	(a)
Fort Wayne area	14	389,842	472,054	+21.1	85	83	1	15
Indianapolis area	11	964,160	1,065,369	+10.5	92	92	1	8
South Bend	6	258,389	513,629	+98.8	99	95	4	1
Terre Haute	8	95,823	114,754	+19.8	86	82	4	14

Table 6.--Amount expended for relief during January-June 1932 and January-June 1933, and percent from public and from private funds, as reported by 1,113 agencies for 117 cities and city areas--Continued

State and city or city area	Agencies reporting	Amount expended		Percent change from 1932 to 1933	Percent in January-June 1933 from--			
					Public funds			Private funds
		January-June 1932	January-June 1933		Total	General and work relief	Special allowances	
Iowa:								
Des Moines	10	$279,143	$634,475	+127.3	97	90	7	3
Sioux City	10	166,623	313,747	+88.3	98	89	9	2
Kansas:								
Kansas City	5	79,632	268,862	+237.6	83	82	(a)	17
Topeka area	7	166,422	254,719	+53.1	94	91	4	6
Wichita area	10	182,641	411,827	+125.5	96	93	3	4
Kentucky: Louisville	11	370,643	674,816	+82.1	88	81	7	12
Louisiana:								
New Orleans area	13	349,981	1,448,221	+313.8	96	96	(a)	4
Shreveport	9	31,546	189,887	+501.9	96	94	2	4
Maine: Portland	7	138,460	235,825	+70.3	91	88	4	9
Maryland: Baltimore	10	1,882,318	3,685,462	+95.8	93	91	2	7
Massachusetts:								
Boston	14	6,966,548	7,721,184	+10.8	86	71	15	14
Brockton	10	296,479	287,042	-3.2	93	b83	b10	7
Fall River	8	655,687	566,785	-13.6	100	86	14	(a)
Lawrence	8	352,511	284,504	-19.3	97	79	18	3
Lowell[c]	6	406,234	471,095	+16.0	94	69	25	6
Lynn	10	579,795	746,787	+28.8	98	82	16	2
Malden	9	251,938	267,972	+6.4	100	92	8	(a)
New Bedford	7	569,195	627,299	+10.2	98	b85	b12	2
Newton area	10	152,483	247,323	+62.2	91	77	14	9
Springfield area	13	991,003	1,586,518	+60.1	98	92	6	2
Worcester	9	1,168,735	1,477,679	+26.4	96	87	9	4
Michigan:								
Detroit area	17	6,192,552	8,645,928	+39.6	99	92	7	1
Flint	4	445,676	690,082	+54.8	100	86	14	.....
Grand Rapids area	8	672,016	840,328	+25.0	99	93	6	1
Saginaw	4	261,290	276,512	+5.8	97	75	22	3
Minnesota:								
Duluth	9	427,685	501,316	+17.2	98	76	22	2
Minneapolis area	11	1,500,560	2,086,256	+39.0	86	74	13	14
St. Paul area	14	621,186	1,264,485	+103.6	87	75	12	13
Missouri:								
Kansas City	12	543,794	896,807	+64.9	77	69	7	23
St. Louis area	15	1,642,708	3,209,904	+95.4	92	88	4	8
Nebraska: Omaha area	11	236,109	266,644	+12.9	79	66	13	21
New Jersey:								
Jersey City	6	1,161,948	1,043,952	-10.2	99	87	12	1
Newark	12	2,365,998	2,187,079	-7.6	97	81	16	3
The Oranges	13	367,371	502,211	+36.7	94	82	12	6
Trenton	7	508,779	728,092	+43.1	96	84	12	4
New York:								
Albany	14	429,784	605,790	+41.0	95	82	13	5
Buffalo area	19	5,596,612	7,869,965	+40.6	95	89	6	5
New Rochelle	8	197,534	410,420	+107.8	99	94	5	1
New York	35	40,853,939	57,818,234	+41.5	84	69	15	16
Niagara Falls	10	640,117	680,410	+6.3	98	92	6	2
Rochester	11	2,639,880	2,801,663	+6.1	98	83	15	2
Syracuse	14	1,499,195	2,281,604	+52.2	99	93	6	1
Utica area	13	728,062	1,036,926	+42.4	96	79	17	4
Yonkers	8	905,710	1,449,054	+60.0	98	91	7	2
North Carolina:								
Asheville	4	50,433	133,106	+163.9	96	96	(a)	4
Charlotte	6	71,212	209,990	+194.9	100	99	1	.....
Greensboro	3	28,398	161,958	+470.3	100	99	(a)	(a)
Winston-Salem	2	34,389	219,233	+537.5	86	86	(a)	14

Table 6.—Amount expended for relief during January-June 1932 and January-June 1933, and percent from public and from private funds, as reported by 1,113 agencies for 117 cities and city areas—Continued

State and city or city area	Agencies reporting	Amount expended		Percent change from 1932 to 1933	Percent in January-June 1933 from—			
					Public funds			Private funds
		January-June 1932	January-June 1933		Total	General and work relief	Special allowances	
Ohio:								
Akron area	13	$507,691	$922,717	+81.7	95	91	4	5
Canton area	8	430,712	398,443	-7.5	100	89	11	(a)
Cincinnati area	16	1,829,452	2,573,159	+40.7	84	77	6	16
Cleveland area	8	3,086,593	5,164,371	+67.3	93	87	6	7
Columbus area	16	752,553	1,743,682	+131.7	97	90	7	3
Dayton area	11	488,363	1,064,378	+117.9	98	93	5	2
Springfield	7	80,589	157,451	+95.4	94	88	6	6
Toledo	7	748,707	1,187,689	+58.6	100	92	8	(a)
Youngstown	8	362,899	848,690	+133.9	97	92	4	3
Oklahoma: Tulsa	4	125,907	246,667	+95.9	95	95	.....	5
Oregon: Portland	8	1,361,299	2,511,499	+84.5	99	97	2	1
Pennsylvania:								
Allentown area	4	243,228	601,613	+147.3	98	93	5	2
Altoona area	6	241,731	311,584	+28.9	94	89	4	6
Bethlehem area	4	103,280	249,834	+141.9	91	84	7	9
Chester area	9	271,266	804,629	+196.6	99	93	6	1
Erie area	7	407,818	577,961	+41.7	100	93	7	(a)
Lancaster	7	97,286	202,006	+107.6	99	93	5	1
Philadelphia	11	6,903,495	8,848,493	+28.2	95	91	4	5
Pittsburgh area	13	4,244,081	7,796,698	+83.7	97	93	4	3
Reading	10	647,944	1,111,896	+71.6	98	93	5	2
Scranton	5	296,048	466,768	+57.7	88	77	10	12
Sharon area	10	60,569	252,634	+317.1	94	89	4	6
Wilkes-Barre area	8	622,549	1,353,693	+117.4	99	93	6	1
Rhode Island: Providence	10	941,937	1,295,506	+37.5	92	88	4	8
South Carolina: Charleston	6	14,386	37,482	+160.5	83	83	.....	17
Tennessee:								
Knoxville area	5	109,139	265,156	+143.0	100	100	.....	(a)
Memphis area	6	67,151	621,124	+825.0	83	80	3	17
Nashville area	4	64,501	158,590	+145.9	82	82	.....	18
Texas:								
Dallas area	7	293,510	893,350	+204.4	95	94	1	5
El Paso area	5	84,551	271,997	+221.7	96	96	.....	4
Fort Worth area	4	97,356	251,513	+158.3	99	99	.....	1
Houston area	5	128,996	403,437	+212.8	99	96	3	1
Utah: Salt Lake City area	6	275,810	828,704	+200.5	95	89	6	5
Virginia:								
Norfolk area	12	51,713	172,759	+234.1	87	87	.....	13
Richmond area	6	176,647	249,162	+41.1	71	70	1	29
Roanoke area	5	23,786	87,243	+266.8	88	88	.....	12
Washington:								
Seattle area	10	1,163,755	2,506,186	+115.4	98	95	2	2
Tacoma area	8	208,744	736,062	+252.6	100	93	7	(a)
Wisconsin:								
Kenosha area	8	381,745	535,860	+40.4	99	88	11	1
Madison area	6	216,130	504,328	+133.3	99	89	10	1
Milwaukee area	12	4,764,286	5,297,014	+11.2	95	86	9	5
Racine area	8	489,041	650,585	+33.0	100	92	8	(a)
Median	.....	.....	.....	+67.3	96	88	6	4

[a] Less than 1 percent.
[b] Expenditures for mothers' aid included in general relief.
[c] Does not include public relief to veterans.

O U.S. GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE : 1933